

amendments to the constitution  
Article I

Section 1: All legislative powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives.

Section 2

Section 3: The Congress shall assemble at least once in every year, and such meeting shall begin at noon on the 15th day of September, unless they shall determine otherwise.

Section 4: The Congress shall assemble at least once in every year, and such meeting shall begin at noon on the 15th day of September, unless they shall determine otherwise.

Section 5: The Congress shall have the power to regulate the Commerce with foreign Nations, to regulate the Commerce among the several States, and the Commerce with the Indian Tribes; to borrow Money on the Credit of the United States, to regulate the Value of Money, the Weights and Measures, to define and punish the Offences against the Law of Nations, to define and punish Piracies and Felonies committed on the high Seas, and Offences against the Law of Nations, to define and punish Counterfeiting the Securities and current Coin of the United States, to regulate the Bankruptcy and Insolvency of the United States, and to regulate the Bankruptcy and Insolvency of the United States, and to regulate the Bankruptcy and Insolvency of the United States.

Section 6: The Congress shall have the power to regulate the Commerce with foreign Nations, to regulate the Commerce among the several States, and the Commerce with the Indian Tribes; to borrow Money on the Credit of the United States, to regulate the Value of Money, the Weights and Measures, to define and punish the Offences against the Law of Nations, to define and punish Piracies and Felonies committed on the high Seas, and Offences against the Law of Nations, to define and punish Counterfeiting the Securities and current Coin of the United States, to regulate the Bankruptcy and Insolvency of the United States, and to regulate the Bankruptcy and Insolvency of the United States.

Section 7

Section 8: The Congress shall have the power to regulate the Commerce with foreign Nations, to regulate the Commerce among the several States, and the Commerce with the Indian Tribes; to borrow Money on the Credit of the United States, to regulate the Value of Money, the Weights and Measures, to define and punish the Offences against the Law of Nations, to define and punish Piracies and Felonies committed on the high Seas, and Offences against the Law of Nations, to define and punish Counterfeiting the Securities and current Coin of the United States, to regulate the Bankruptcy and Insolvency of the United States, and to regulate the Bankruptcy and Insolvency of the United States.

Section 9: The Congress shall have the power to regulate the Commerce with foreign Nations, to regulate the Commerce among the several States, and the Commerce with the Indian Tribes; to borrow Money on the Credit of the United States, to regulate the Value of Money, the Weights and Measures, to define and punish the Offences against the Law of Nations, to define and punish Piracies and Felonies committed on the high Seas, and Offences against the Law of Nations, to define and punish Counterfeiting the Securities and current Coin of the United States, to regulate the Bankruptcy and Insolvency of the United States, and to regulate the Bankruptcy and Insolvency of the United States.

Section 10: The Congress shall have the power to regulate the Commerce with foreign Nations, to regulate the Commerce among the several States, and the Commerce with the Indian Tribes; to borrow Money on the Credit of the United States, to regulate the Value of Money, the Weights and Measures, to define and punish the Offences against the Law of Nations, to define and punish Piracies and Felonies committed on the high Seas, and Offences against the Law of Nations, to define and punish Counterfeiting the Securities and current Coin of the United States, to regulate the Bankruptcy and Insolvency of the United States, and to regulate the Bankruptcy and Insolvency of the United States.

Section 11: The Congress shall have the power to regulate the Commerce with foreign Nations, to regulate the Commerce among the several States, and the Commerce with the Indian Tribes; to borrow Money on the Credit of the United States, to regulate the Value of Money, the Weights and Measures, to define and punish the Offences against the Law of Nations, to define and punish Piracies and Felonies committed on the high Seas, and Offences against the Law of Nations, to define and punish Counterfeiting the Securities and current Coin of the United States, to regulate the Bankruptcy and Insolvency of the United States, and to regulate the Bankruptcy and Insolvency of the United States.

Section 12: The Congress shall have the power to regulate the Commerce with foreign Nations, to regulate the Commerce among the several States, and the Commerce with the Indian Tribes; to borrow Money on the Credit of the United States, to regulate the Value of Money, the Weights and Measures, to define and punish the Offences against the Law of Nations, to define and punish Piracies and Felonies committed on the high Seas, and Offences against the Law of Nations, to define and punish Counterfeiting the Securities and current Coin of the United States, to regulate the Bankruptcy and Insolvency of the United States, and to regulate the Bankruptcy and Insolvency of the United States.

Section 13: The Congress shall have the power to regulate the Commerce with foreign Nations, to regulate the Commerce among the several States, and the Commerce with the Indian Tribes; to borrow Money on the Credit of the United States, to regulate the Value of Money, the Weights and Measures, to define and punish the Offences against the Law of Nations, to define and punish Piracies and Felonies committed on the high Seas, and Offences against the Law of Nations, to define and punish Counterfeiting the Securities and current Coin of the United States, to regulate the Bankruptcy and Insolvency of the United States, and to regulate the Bankruptcy and Insolvency of the United States.